



Norway Spruce (*Picea abies*)

This graceful pyramidal has sharp, shiny, dark needles. Beautiful spreading branches with drooping twigs. An extremely hardy tree that is successful under most soil conditions. Makes a charming Christmas tree, an appealing ornamental specimen, or a protective windbreak. Fast growth makes the Spruce ideal for timber.

<https://www.horticoxia.com/hortpip/Plants/html/040/P09540.shtml>



Eastern White Pine - North Carolina (*Pinus strobus*)

Vigorous grower, blue green color. Does not yellow under most conditions

<https://www.horticoxia.com/hortpip/Plants/html/010/P09710.shtml>

American Arborvitae (*Thuja occidentalis*)

A handsome pyramidal evergreen with foliage varying from dark green to light green during growing season. A very hardy, easily transplanted evergreen that grows well in a variety of soils, but best in loamy moist soil. Excellent for screens and tall hedges. Easily sheared.

<https://www.horticoxia.com/hortpip/Plants/html/048/P12348.shtml>

Persimmon (*Diospyros virginiana*)

Growing to 60 ft., this native tree does well in difficult, and extremely dry soils. Fragrant white flowers in spring yield orange edible fruit in the fall.

<http://www.horticoxia.com/hortpip/Plants/html/088/P03888.shtml>



American Elderberry (*Sambucus canadensis*)

Large, spreading, multi-stemmed shrub with large, flat-topped white flowers in June - July followed by purple-black berries. Can be used for jellies, pies and wine. Excellent for attracting birds, and will grow in wet areas. Grows in any type of soil and is very hardy.

<https://www.horticoxia.com/hortpip/Plants/html/051/P11451.shtml>



Butternut-White Walnut (*Juglans cinerea*)

Nuts resemble Black Walnut, but smaller, with an oily, spicy flavor. Tree is best known for the rich quality of its wood.

<https://www.horticiopia.com/hortpip/Plants/html/093/P07093.shtml>

Our European pear trees are grown on OHxF97 and/or OHxF87 rootstock. 97 produces a standard size tree, is hardy and productive. The recommended spacing for plantings on this rootstock is 12' between trees in the row and 20' between rows. For growers who wish to plant a higher density pear orchard, we recommend planting trees on OHxF87. These can be planted at 5' in row and 12-14' between rows. All of our Asian pear varieties are grown on Betulaefolia rootstock. This rootstock is vigorous, well anchored and drought tolerant. The recommended spacing for plantings on this rootstock is 12' between trees in the row and 20' between rows.

AC™ Harrow Sweet

A late-season pear developed by the Harrow Research Station in Ontario, Canada, AC™ Harrow Sweet ripens approximately three weeks after Bartlett. This variety has shown very good resistance to fire blight. The fruit size and appearance are similar to that of Bartlett; however, AC™ Harrow Sweet does develop an attractive blush. Trees should be thinned to maintain fruit size and avoid biennial bearing.



Propagated Rootstocks:

OHxF87,

Sunrise

A disease-resistant pear introduced by USDA–ARS and OSU, Sunrise has shown impressive resistance to fire blight. The fruit color is yellow, often finishing with a slight blush and very little russet. Sunrise harvests two weeks before Bartlett and will store for two to three months.

Propagated Rootstocks:

OHxF97



Cresthaven

Introduced by Michigan State University, Cresthaven is a very firm, highly colored variety for the late season. The fruit is yellowfleshed, freestone, and shows considerable red around the pit. The tree is winter hardy, very productive and has medium vigor. Extra fertilization is recommended to maintain tree longevity and vigor.

Propagated Rootstocks:

Lovell